Organic Nanoparticles: can they be useful for biological or health issues?

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For few years we have been developing organic fluorescent nanoparticles (FNPs) thanks a controlled polymerization in micro-emulsion. The FNPs are flexible, tunable and versatile: emission brightness, colors(s), size and surface chemistry can easily be controlled through the choice, combination, and organization of their building blocks.

We have developed water-soluble core-shell boron-dipyrromethene (BODIPY) polymeric particles [1] with different surface functional groups[2]. Core contains BODIPY, which depending on its substitute group, could emit green or red spectrum. Shell consists of hydrophylic block copolymers such as PAA-PEO.

We will show how such red-FNPs can be used to detect bacteria growth on a surface, thanks to pH sensitivity.

In a second part we will discuss how green-FNPs could be used to study inter- and intra-diffusion in cell plants [3].

Finally we will introduce newly developed nanovectors for photoacoustic imaging.

- [1] J. Phs. Chem. C. 2014,118, 13945
- [2] Biosens. Bioelectron, 2016, 75, 320
- [3] Applied Physics Express, 2020, 10.35848/1882-0786/abc490